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EFFECTS OF COENZYME Q10 ON THE OXIDATIVE STRESS AND HEAT SHOCK PROTEINS IN EXERCISE RATS

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ABSTRACT

OBJECTIVE: In this research, it has been tried to observe the effects of coenzyme Q10 on oxidative stress, heat shock proteins and biochemistry serum parameters in rats applied exercise.

METHODS: It has been used totally 42, aged eight weeks, Wistar Albino Rats which is grouped of 6 (control, coenzyme Q10, exercise, exercise+coenzyme Q10, acute exercise ve acute exercise+coenzyme Q10) each of them contains 7 rats. In the beginning, the rats are made to run 10 m/min and at the end of two weeks, the thirty minutes running process being %0 slope and 30 m/min was implemented in a controlled increase. The rats have been tested to run 5 days a week along six weeks after applying coenzyme Q10 on a diet and on the last day, acute exercise process (running on the band until tired) has been applied.

Datas have been evaluated by using ANOVA process in the IBM SPSS (version 22) packaged software. The comparison among groups have been analised with the help of Turkey Post Hoc Test. The datas have been given as group average and standart error of mean (SEM). Statistical significance has been defined as meaningful for the ones whose probability values are under the point of 0.05.

RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS: Finally, it’s been seen that there is no effect of coenzyme Q10 on the functions of liver or kidney and coenzyme Q10 doesn’t effect glucose on cardiometabolic biochemical parameters. In addition to these, it decreases cholesterol and triglyceride. While acute exercise increases oxidative stress, chronic exercise decreases oxidative stress by reducing the level of lipid peroxidation. It has shown this effect by means of regulating heat shock proteins. Also, it has shown the effect of consumption of coenzyme Q10 by reducing heat shock protein. Moreover, it has been observed that chronic exercise and coenzyme Q10 decreases oxidative stress by working synergistically.

Keywords: Exercise, Coenzym Q10, Oxidative Stress, Heat Shock Proteins.